Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

June 30, 2022

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)



National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Table of Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Notes to Financial Statements1	
Required Supplementary Information	
General Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	0
MAP Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	1
ATP Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	2
Other Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Cash Flows, Governmental Funds	3
Schedule of Program Expenditures, General Fund – Budget and Actual	4
Schedule of Administrative Expenditures, General Fund – Budget and Actual2	5
Schedule of Program Expenditures, MAP Fund – Budget and Actual20	6
Schedule of Program Expenditures, ATP Fund – Budget and Actual	9
Schedule of Program Expenditures, QSP Program – Budget and Actual3	2
Schedule of Program Expenditures, TASC Program – Budget and Actual	3
Single Audit Reports	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	4
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance3	6
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	9
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs4	0
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings4	
Other Reports	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Standards of the Agricultural Marketing Services Agency of the United States Department of Agriculture, Potato Research and Promotion Act	2



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of National Potato Promotion Board, d/b/a Potatoes USA, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Potatoes USA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Potatoes USA as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for each major fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Potatoes USA and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 1, Potatoes USA adopted Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) No. 87, *Leases*, as of July 1, 2021. The requirements of the GASB have been applied on a modified retrospective basis. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Potatoes USA's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Potatoes USA's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Potatoes USA's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the General Fund and major special revenue funds budgetary comparison be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Potatoes USA's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Kundinger, Corder & Montaga, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2023, on our consideration of Potatoes USA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Potatoes USA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Potatoes USA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

January 31, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's discussion and analysis of National Potato Promotion Board's (Potatoes USA) financial performance provides an overview of Potatoes USA's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position (on page 9) and the Statement of Activities (on page 10) provide information about the activities of Potatoes USA as a whole and present a longer-term view of Potatoes USA's finances. For governmental activities, these statements explain how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with Potatoes USA's basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the activities and financial health of Potatoes USA.

Potatoes USA receives assessments from potato growers and funding from the Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS) of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) for the purpose of carrying out an effective and continuous program of marketing, research, development, advertising, and promotion to help expand existing domestic and foreign potato markets as well as to develop new or improved markets.

Financial Highlights

- Potatoes USA's assets exceeded its liabilities by a net position of \$12,615,424 as of June 30, 2022, reflecting a decrease in net position of \$869,123 since June 30, 2021.
- Potatoes USA's general fund ending fund balance totaled \$10,590,925 at June 30, 2022. This ending fund balance includes \$2,616,000 in funds assigned for specific purposes by the Board of Directors, \$244,466 in non-spendable funds, and \$7,730,459 in unassigned funds.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Potatoes USA's basic financial statements. Potatoes USA's basic financial statements consist of the following two components:

- Government-wide and Governmental Fund Financial Statements
- Notes to the Financial Statements

Because Potatoes USA is a special-purpose government engaged in a single governmental program, it has presented government-wide financial and fund financial statements together with an adjustment column to show the reconciliation between the two required basic statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Potatoes USA's finances using the accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of Potatoes USA.

The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> presents information on all of Potatoes USA's assets and liabilities. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net position.

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Management's Discussion and Analysis

Overview of Financial Statements, Continued

The <u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information reflecting how Potatoes USA's net position has changed during the current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying activity occurs. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods.

Fund Financial Statements

Potatoes USA uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Traditional users of Potatoes USA's financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar with a focus on major funds rather than fund types. All funds of Potatoes USA can be categorized as governmental funds as more fully discussed below.

A <u>fund</u> is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. A major fund should generally meet both of the following criteria: 1) total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities or expenditures/expenses) for all funds of that category or fund type (i.e. total governmental or total enterprise funds) and 2) total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The general fund is always considered a major fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to report those same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, with the exception of long-term obligations and similar long-term items which are recorded when due. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, the MAP Fund, and the ATP Fund. These three funds are considered to be major funds.

Potatoes USA adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for Potatoes USA's major funds (General Fund, MAP Fund, and ATP Fund) to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements are considered an integral part of the financial statements since they provide additional information needed to gain a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

In fiscal year 2022, Potatoes USA's main sources of revenue were assessments and FAS foreign market development funding, as described above.

Administrative costs are not required to be capped. However, Potatoes USA makes every effort to keep these costs down. Administrative costs include Potatoes USA's cost to conduct program activities both domestically and internationally and to operate its administrative office.

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Management's Discussion and Analysis

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following table reflects the condensed statements of net position as of June 30:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 1,547,939 7,143,397	2,213,839 7,963,013
Assessments receivable Claims receivable Other receivables	2,155,817 4,000,928 5,690	1,998,691 3,918,945 127,899
Prepaid items Capital assets, net	244,466 3,868,732	193,425 944,510
Total assets	\$ <u>18,966,969</u>	17,360,322
Liabilities Accounts payable Deferred rent Deferred revenue Lease liabilities	\$ 4,467,512 39,800 1,844,233	3,814,648 61,127 —
Total liabilities	6,351,545	3,875,775
Net position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Net position	2,024,499 10,590,925 \$ 12,615,424	944,510 12,540,037 13,484,547

The following table reflects the condensed statements of activities for the years ended June 30:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Revenue		
Assessments	\$ 15,014,215	14,800,013
Contributions	447,167	446,962
Grants	5,653,457	5,239,929
Other revenue	22,260	52,924
Total revenue	21,137,099	20,539,828
Expenditures		
Program	18,305,232	15,477,281
Operating	3,700,990	2,609,772
Total expenditures	22,006,222	18,087,053
Change in net position	\$ (869,123)	2,452,775

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Management's Discussion and Analysis

Revenue

General Fund

Potatoes USA collects assessments of \$0.03 per hundred-weight of potatoes grown in the United States for human consumption. It also receives assessments based on the fresh weight equivalent of potatoes and potato products imported from foreign countries. Interest income is earned on Potatoes USA's reserve which is invested in money market funds, U.S. treasury notes, and certificates of deposit.

The following table highlights the General Fund's revenue for the years ended:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Assessments	\$ 15,014,215	14,800,013
Contributions	447,167	446,962
Investment return	(7,740)	52,924
Other revenue	30,000	<u> </u>
Total revenue	\$ <u>15,483,642</u>	15,299,899

- Potatoes USA recorded total assessments revenue of \$15,014,215 during the year ended June 30, 2022. This is an increase of \$214,202 from the year ended June 30, 2021.
- Potatoes USA receives contributions from major fry processors, chip processors and state potato organizations for its National Fry Processor Trials (NFPT) and National Chip Processor Trials (NCPT) programs. Contributions recognized during the year ended June 30, 2022 total \$447,167 which is similar to prior year contributions. Unspent amounts remaining at June 30, 2022 are reflected in the unassigned balance.
- Investment return is generated from Potatoes USA's investments. Potatoes USA earned (\$7,740) during the year ended June 30, 2022. This is a decrease of \$60,664 from the year ended June 30, 2021 due to a reduction in interest rates.

MAP Fund

Potatoes USA receives funding from the Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS) of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) under the Market Access Program (MAP). This program provides commodity groups with funds to be used to develop foreign markets for U.S. agricultural products. Funds received are based upon the submission of an application to FAS known as the Unified Export Strategy (UES). The MAP fund was awarded \$5,301,122 for the year ended June 30, 2022 of which \$4,487,653 was expended. This amount awarded was \$142,504 lower than the previous award as there was more carryover amounts approved in the prior year due to COVID travel restrictions.

ATP Fund

Potatoes USA receives funding from the Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS) of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) under the Agricultural Trade Promotion Program (ATP). This is a temporary program that provides commodity groups with funds to be used to market and promote U.S. agricultural products in foreign markets, including activities to address existing or potential non-tariff trade barriers. Funds received are based upon the submission of a one-time application to FAS. The ATP fund was awarded \$5,130,000 for the period February 1, 2019 through September 30, 2021. It has been extended through September 30, 2024. Available funds at September 30, 2022 total \$2,170,485.

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Management's Discussion and Analysis

Other Grant Funds

Funding is received from FAS for Quality Samples Program, which is designed to pay for commercially viable samples of U.S. agricultural products to be tested by end users in foreign countries. Funding is also received from FAS for Technical Assistance for Specialist Crops Program, which is designed to fund projects that address sanitary, phytosanitary, and technical barriers that prohibit or threaten the export of U.S. specialty crops. Grants funded by USDA are paid on a reimbursement basis.

Expenditures

Potatoes USA's program expenditures increased by \$2,827,951 to \$18,305,232 due to travel restrictions being lifted and international markets lifting COVID restrictions. Operating expenditures increased by \$1,091,218 to \$3,700,990 due to travel restrictions being lifted and holding in-person meetings again.

Capital Assets

During the year ended June 30, 2022, Potatoes USA completed construction and moved into new office space in November 2021, resulting in additions and transfers to leasehold improvements totaling \$1,466,928. In addition, Potatoes USA acquired \$613,390 of office equipment, \$92,571 in office furniture, and disposed of obsolete office equipment, furniture, and vehicle leases totaling \$206,778. Additionally, \$1,930,456 in financing leases were capitalized as a right-of-use asset, bringing its capital asset balance to \$3,868,732, net of accumulated depreciation of \$313,995 and accumulated amortization of \$136,267. Depreciation expense in 2022 totaled \$199,224 and amortization expense in 2022 totaled \$136,267.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>
Beginning fund balance	\$ 12,540,037	12,540,037
Revenue	15,337,250	15,483,642
Expenditures	(<u>19,316,250</u>)	(17,432,754)
Ending fund balance	\$ <u>8,561,037</u>	10,590,925

Actual revenue exceeded budgetary expectations due to the industry recovering from the pandemic more quickly than anticipated. Expenditures were under budget in several areas, with the most significant decrease in program spending largely due to pandemic restrictions, particularly affecting staff's ability to travel both domestically and internationally. Pandemic restrictions both in the U.S. and international markets also limited or changed how many programs and activities were implemented. In many cases, virtual activities cost less to implement than in-person activities.

The 2022 General Fund budget was amended during the year for expected decreases in assessment revenue, program expenditures, and travel expenditures due to pandemic travel restrictions.

Requests for Information

Potatoes USA's financial statements are designed to present users with a general overview of Potatoes USA's finances and to demonstrate Potatoes USA's accountability. If there are any questions about the report or additional information is needed, please contact Potatoes USA, 3675 Wynkoop Street, Denver, CO 80216.

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

					Nonmajor- other grants			Statement of
		General fund	MAP fund	ATP fund	fund	Total	Adjustments	net position
Assets								
Cash and cash	Φ	1 122 242	220.540	20.642		1.545.020		1 547 020
equivalents (note 2)	\$	1,177,747	339,549	30,643	_	1,547,939	_	1,547,939
Investments (note 2) Assessments receivable		7,143,397	_	_	_	7,143,397	_	7,143,397 2,155,817
Claims receivable		2,155,817	3,331,317	636,272	33,339	2,155,817 4,000,928	_	4,000,928
Other receivables		5,690	J,JJ1,J17	030,272	-	5,690	_	5,690
Interfund balances (note 3)		1,787,131	_	1,926,325	_	3,713,456	(3,713,456)	5,070
Prepaid items		223,305	15,133	6,028	_	244,466	(3,713,130)	244,466
Capital assets (note 4)		,	,	-,		,		,
Right-of-use lease (note 6)		_	_	_	_	_	1,930,456	1,930,456
Office furniture		_	_	_	_	_	1,592,554	1,592,554
Office equipment		_	_	_	_	_	725,556	725,556
Vehicles		_	_	_	_	_	63,247	63,247
Construction in progress		_	_	_	_	_	7,181	7,181
Less accumulated depreciation	on							
and amortization							(450,262)	(450,262)
Capital assets, net							3,868,732	3,868,732
Total assets	\$	12,493,087	3,685,999	2,599,268	33,339	18,811,693	155,276	18,966,969
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	1,359,012	2,228,559	376,591	_	3,964,162	_	3,964,162
Accrued expenses		503,350	_	_	_	503,350	_	503,350
Interfund balances (note 3)		_	1,457,440	2,222,677	33,339	3,713,456	(3,713,456)	
Deferred revenue		39,800	_	_	_	39,800	_	39,800
Lease liabilities (note 6)							1,844,233	1,844,233
Total liabilities		1,902,162	3,685,999	2,599,268	33,339	8,220,768	(1,869,223)	6,351,545
Fund Balances/Net Position								
Fund balances (note 5)								
Non-spendable		244,466	_	_	_	244,466	(244,466)	_
Assigned		2,616,000	_	_	_	2,616,000	(2,616,000)	_
Unassigned		7,730,459				7,730,459	(7,730,459)	
Total fund balances		10,590,925	_	_	_	10,590,925	(10,590,925)	_
Commitments and contingenci (notes 6 through 9)	es							
Total liabilities and	•				-			
fund balances	\$	12,493,087	3,685,999	2,599,268	33,339	18,811,693		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital asset	S						2,024,499	2,024,499
Unrestricted							10,590,925	10,590,925
Total net position							12,615,424	12,615,424

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General fund	MAP fund	ATP fund	Nonmajor - other grants fund	Total	Adjust- ments	Statement of net activities
Revenue							
Assessments \$	15,014,215	_	_	_	15,014,215	_	15,014,215
Contributions	447,167	_	_	_	447,167	_	447,167
Grants	_	4,487,653	1,097,512	68,292	5,653,457	_	5,653,457
Other revenue	22,260				22,260		22,260
Total revenue	15,483,642	4,487,653	1,097,512	68,292	21,137,099		21,137,099
Expenditures							
Program	12,651,775	4,487,653	1,097,512	68,292	18,305,232	_	18,305,232
Personnel costs	1,916,833	-		_	1,916,833	_	1,916,833
Administrative committee travel	103,997	_		_	103,997	_	103,997
Executive committee travel	168,946	_	_	_	168,946	_	168,946
Staff and field operations travel	58,112	_	_	_	58,112	_	58,112
Professional services	235,538	_	_	_	235,538	_	235,538
Office	643,284	_	_	_	643,284	50,044	693,328
USDA user fees	143,575	_	_	_	143,575	_	143,575
Depreciation	_	_	_	_	_	199,224	199,224
Special Project - New Building	181,437	_	_	_	181,437	_	181,437
Other	(15,371)				(15,371)	15,371	
Total current expenditures	16,088,126	4,487,653	1,097,512	68,292	21,741,583	264,639	22,006,222
Capital outlay	1,344,628				1,344,628	(1,344,628)	
Total capital outlay	1,344,628				1,344,628	(1,344,628)	
Total expenditures	17,432,754	4,487,653	1,097,512	68,292	23,086,211	(1,079,989)	22,006,222
Deficit of revenue over expenditures	(1,949,112)				(1,949,112)	1,079,989	(869,123)
Fund balances at beginning of year	12,540,037				12,540,037	944,510	13,484,547
Fund balances at end of year \$	10,590,925				10,590,925	2,024,499	12,615,424

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Organization

The National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA, an instrumentality of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), was established by an act of Congress on January 11, 1971, to carry out an effective and continuous program of marketing, research, development, advertising, and promotion to help expand existing domestic and foreign potato markets and to develop new or improved markets.

Potatoes USA follows the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements that provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, potential for organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. Potatoes USA does not have any component units.

Potatoes USA is governed by the Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) of the USDA. In January 2020, AMS issued *Guidelines for AMS Oversight of Commodity Research and Promotion Programs*, which is applicable to all research and promotion boards governed by AMS under the Specialty Crops program. These financial statements are prepared in accordance with those guidelines.

(b) Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Statements

Because Potatoes USA is a special-purpose government with a single governmental program, it has presented its government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements together with an adjustment column to show the reconciliation between the two required basic statements.

The government-wide financial statements – the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities – report information on all of the activities of Potatoes USA. Interfund activity, if any, has been removed from these statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to distinguish functions of Potatoes USA that are principally supported by assessment revenues and operating grants (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Potatoes USA has no business-type activities.

The primary governmental activities of Potatoes USA include the distribution of funds to promote and develop existing and new potato markets.

Notes to Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(b) Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation, Continued

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or program are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program. Program revenue includes grants, assessments and other revenues. Other revenue not directly related to a particular function or program, if any, are reported separately as general revenue.

Since Potatoes USA does not operate any enterprise fund or internal service fund activities, there are no proprietary funds to include in this report.

Potatoes USA utilizes two types of governmental funds. The General Fund is Potatoes USA's main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of Potatoes USA except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. Special Revenue Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. Potatoes USA's Special Revenue Funds include the Market Access Program (MAP) Fund, Agricultural Trade Promotion Program (ATP) Fund, and the Other Grants Fund. These funds account for grant funding received from the Foreign Agricultural Service.

The General, MAP, and ATP Funds are considered to be major governmental funds and are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as expenditures when all of the eligibility and reimbursement requirements of the grantor have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measureable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 120 days of year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, as used in the governmental fund financial statements, acquisition costs of capital assets are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and depreciation is not recognized on these capital assets.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents may consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and savings accounts with an original maturity of three months or less. Certificates of deposit are always reported as investments regardless of their maturity dates.

Notes to Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(d) Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject Potatoes USA to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and investments. Potatoes USA's bank accounts at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or collateral held by Potatoes USA's custodial banks under provisions of the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA).

PDPA requires financial institutions to pledge collateral having a market value of at least 102% of the aggregate public deposits not insured by federal depository insurance. Eligible collateral includes municipal bonds, U.S. government securities, mortgages, and deeds of trust.

State statutes authorize Potatoes USA to invest in obligations of the U.S. treasury and U.S. agencies, obligations of the State of Colorado or of any county, school district, and certain towns and cities therein, notes or bonds secured by insured mortgages or trust deeds, obligations of national mortgage associations, and certain repurchase agreements and money market funds.

Potatoes USA is also required to follow the AMS investment policy, which defines the types of investments Potatoes USA can purchase and the collateral requirements for Potatoes USA's cash and investments. Potatoes USA utilizes Zions National Bank as its investment custodian.

Board policy requires that there always be funds on hand sufficient to liquidate all of the outstanding obligations of Potatoes USA as of June 30 of each year after considering anticipated accounts receivable due to Potatoes USA. At June 30, 2022, Potatoes USA was in compliance with this requirement.

(e) Investments

Investments consist of money market accounts and certificates of deposit and are carried at fair value in the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of net position.

(f) Fair Value Measurements

Potatoes USA uses a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of investments into three levels: quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1), inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (Level 2), and unobservable inputs for the asset or liability (Level 3). All of Potatoes USA's investments are considered to be Level 1 investments.

(g) Interfund Transactions

Transactions which constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from that fund which are properly applicable to another fund or recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. At year-end, outstanding balances between funds are reported as due from other funds and due to other funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(h) Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

(i) Capital Assets

Potatoes USA capitalizes property and equipment with an initial cost, or fair value if donated, over \$500 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Assets purchased for ownership by the government, the use of which benefits Potatoes USA, are not capitalized. Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from three to ten years.

(j) Budgets

Potatoes USA's budget is required to be approved by the USDA. No amendments are required provided the total amount appropriated remains the same. The budget is on a basis inconsistent with U.S. GAAP as capital outlays are not budgeted.

(k) Assessments Revenue and Receivable

Potatoes USA collects assessments of \$0.03 per hundred-weight of potatoes grown in the United States for human consumption. It also receives assessments based on the fresh weight equivalent of potatoes and potato products imported from foreign countries. Assessments are collected directly by Potatoes USA and assessment revenues are recognized when received. At year-end, an accrual is made for assessments received up to 120 days after year-end related to the current fiscal year.

(I) Grant Revenue

Potatoes USA receives federal funding from the Foreign Agriculture Services of the USDA on a reimbursement basis, thus revenue is recognized as funds are expended throughout the year. At year-end, an accrual is made for expenditures made up to 120 days after year-end related to activity that occurred during the fiscal year.

(m) Program Expenses

Program expenses include payments to subcontractors in conjunction with Potatoes USA's marketing, research, development, advertising and promotion activities. Additionally, a portion of Potatoes USA's expenses for salaries and wages, payroll taxes, employee benefits, and office expenses are recorded as program expenses. Program costs are generally expensed when paid, and at year-end, expenses are accrued for significant obligations incurred by Potatoes USA that relate to the current fiscal year's operating budget.

Notes to Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(n) Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(o) Income Taxes

Potatoes USA is classified as an instrumentality of the United States Government by the Internal Revenue Service under Internal Revenue Code Section 115(a). Therefore, Potatoes USA is not subject to income taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is reflected in these financial statements. Potatoes USA is also exempt from all state and local sales taxes except for sales in excise taxes on utilities, travel and product sales to third parties.

(p) New Accounting Pronouncement

During 2022, Potatoes USA adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 87, *Leases* (GASB87). Potatoes USA has applied this standard using the modified retrospective method. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The adoption of GASB87 did not significantly impact Potatoes USA's Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet or Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances; therefore, no cumulative adjustment to beginning net assets was required as a result of adoption.

(q) Subsequent Events

Potatoes USA has evaluated subsequent events through January 31, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

At June 30, 2022, the carrying value of Potatoes USA's cash and investments are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 1,547,939 7,143,397
Total cash and investments	\$ 8.691,336

At June 30, 2022, Potatoes USA's bank balances and investments consist of the following:

FDIC insured bank deposits	\$ 250,000
Collateralized bank deposits	1,297,939
Collateralized U.S. Treasury CDs	3,636,261
Money market fund	3,013,530
FDIC insured short-term CDs	493,606
Total cash and investments	\$ 8,691,336

Notes to Financial Statements

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments, Continued

At June 30, 2022, short-term investments are invested in a money market fund that bears an interest rate of 1.37% and certificates of deposits that bear interest rates ranging from 1.900% to 2.400%. At June 30, 2022, long-term investments are invested in treasury notes that bear interest rates ranging from 0.892% to 1.615%.

At June 30, 2022, Potatoes USA held \$3,013,530 in the Federal Government Obligations Money Market fund at Zions Bank. This investment cannot be categorized since it is not evidenced by specific securities. The investment is rated AAA by Standard and Poor's. Potatoes USA values this at net asset value, which at June 30, 2022 is \$3,013,530.

(3) Interfund Transactions

Potatoes USA reports interfund balances between its funds. The sum of all balances presented in the table agrees with the sum of interfund balances presented in the Statement of Net Position for the governmental funds. The purpose of the interfund balances is to cover cash flow needs until a grant reimbursement is received for expenditures incurred. Interfund balances are generally expected to be repaid within one year of the financial statement date. At June 30, 2022, the following balances were due between funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	MAP Fund	\$ 1,457,440
General Fund	ATP Fund	296,352
General Fund	Nonmajor - other grants fund	33,339
ATP Fund	MAP Fund	<u>1,926,325</u>
		\$ 3,713,456

(4) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity during the year ended June 30, 2022 included the following:

	July 1, <u>2021</u>	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Transfers	June 30, 2022
Leasehold improvements \$	33,237	638,667	(33,237)	828,261	1,466,928
Office furniture	66,066	92,571	(33,011)	_	125,626
Office equipment	130,315	613,390	(18,149)	_	725,556
Vehicles	185,628	_	(122,381)	_	63,247
Construction in progress	835,442	_		(828,261)	7,181
Lease right-of-use asset (note 6)		<u>1,930,456</u>		<u> </u>	<u>1,930,456</u>
Total capital assets	1,250,688	3,275,084	(206,778)	_	4,318,994
Less accumulated amortization	_	(136,267)	_	_	(136,267)
Less accumulated depreciation	(306,178)	(199,224)	<u>191,407</u>		(313,995)
Capital assets, net \$	944,510	<u>2,939,593</u>	<u>(15,371</u>)		<u>3,868,732</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

(5) Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report restrictions of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by law or outside parties for use for specific purposes.

Restrictions for Potatoes USA are recorded up to the maximum equity available in the fund balance and consist of:

Non-spendable fund balance

These funds cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as prepaid items) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Potatoes USA's non-spendable fund balance at June 30, 2022 is \$244,466 and consists of prepaid insurance, advance payments to vendors, and a lease deposit.

Committed fund balance

These are funds that are constrained for specific purposes according to limitations imposed by the Board of Directors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Committed funds may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors. Potatoes USA has no committed fund balance as of June 30, 2022.

Assigned fund balance

Assigned fund balances are amounts Potatoes USA intends to use for specific purposes. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or by an official to which Potatoes USA delegates authority. Assigned funds are considered to be spent first followed by unassigned for an expenditure for which any could be used.

The Board of Directors has established a cash reserve of \$500,000 to satisfy the requirements of a USDA mandate and has allocated an additional \$1,500,000 for a total cash reserve of \$2,000,000. These funds are designated to wind down the business of Potatoes USA if it were to ever go out of existence. There is an assigned \$616,000 in shut-down reserves for the NCPT and NFPT programs.

Unassigned fund balance

All funds that do not meet any of the criteria above are considered unassigned. Potatoes USA will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

Potatoes USA, at a governmental-wide financial statement level, spends any restricted funds first followed by assigned and unassigned for an expenditure for which any could be used. There are no restricted funds as of June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements

(6) Leases

Potatoes USA is obligated under a lease for office space in Denver, Colorado that was entered into in March 2021, and which expires August 2035. The leased property under this capital lease as of June 30, 2022 had a total cost of \$1,930,456, accumulated amortization of \$136,267, and a net book value of \$1,794,189.

Potatoes USA's estimated future principal and interest payments under this lease as of the years ending June 30 are:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 91,952	116,266	208,218
2024	98,061	110,157	208,218
2025	104,577	103,641	208,218
2026	111,525	96,693	208,218
2027	118,935	89,283	208,218
Thereafter	<u>1,319,183</u>	<u>381,265</u>	<u>1,700,448</u>
Total future minimum rental payments	\$ 1,844,233	897,305	2,741,538

(7) Retirement Plan

Effective July 1, 1990, Potatoes USA established a defined contribution, profit sharing plan (the Plan) administered by The Standard. The Plan covers all employees and requires no minimum funding standards and can be amended by the Board of Directors. The employer contribution is currently 8% of employees' salaries. The Plan allows employees to contribute up to the maximum IRS limit. For the year ended June 30, 2022, Potatoes USA contributed \$314,008 to the Plan.

(8) Commitment and Contingencies

Potatoes USA has contracted with independent representatives in Taiwan, Myanmar, Japan, South Korea, China, Malaysia, Mexico, Central America, Vietnam, the Philippines, and Thailand to administer the programs funded by the Market Access Program of the USDA. Potatoes USA has contracted with independent representatives in Bahrain, Central America, China, Indonesia, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, Myanmar, the Philippines, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand, the United Arab Emirates, and Vietnam to administer the programs funded by the Agricultural Trade Promotion Program of the USDA. The contracts are for one year from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022. Contracts are negotiated annually and are expected to be renewed for the next fiscal year.

Should Potatoes USA not properly administer MAP or ATP funds pursuant to the MAP or ATP regulations as interpreted by the FAS, Potatoes USA's General Fund would be responsible to repay the U.S. government. Management believes the MAP and ATP Fund is being administered in accordance with MAP and ATP regulations and that any such liability is unlikely.

Potatoes USA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries; and natural disasters. Potatoes USA purchases commercial insurance for risks of loss in excess of deductible amounts. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements

(9) Advances to Market Access and Agricultural Trade Promotion Program

Potatoes USA is the cooperator, with assistance of the USDA Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS), in receiving and managing the MAP and ATP Funds. Potatoes USA is responsible for properly administering approximately \$5.3 million of the MAP fund and \$5.13 million of the ATP fund. MAP and ATP regulations require that, after the first 90 days, Potatoes USA must first disburse the funds under the program, then request reimbursement from the U.S. government. To meet these short-term cash needs, Potatoes USA has been authorized to borrow 40% from FAS with 90 days to offset the advance with claims on behalf of the MAP or ATP Fund. As of June 30, 2022, no amounts were due to FAS.

(10) Reconciliation of Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

The Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet includes an adjustment between Fund Balance – Total Governmental Funds and Net Position for capital assets and leases. Capital assets and leases used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.

Fund balance of Governmental Funds	\$ 10,590,925
Capital assets used in governmental activities not reported	
in the Governmental Funds	3,868,732
Lease liability used in governmental activities and is not due and	
payable in the current year, and therefore, is not reported	
in the Governmental Funds	(1,844,233)
Total net position	\$ <u>12,615,424</u>

(11) Reconciliation of Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

The Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes an adjustment between the change in fund balance of the governmental funds and the change in net position of the government-wide activities. The only elements to that adjustment pertain to capital outlay, depreciation, and capital leases.

When the purchase of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, and a gain or loss is recognized for the difference between the proceeds, if any, from the disposal of those assets and their net book value.

Year ended June 30, 2022:

Net change in fund balance – Governmental Funds	\$ (1,949,112)
Difference in depreciation, capital outlay, and lease liability	1,095,360
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(15,371)
Change in net position of Governmental Activities	\$ (869,123)

General Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

Revenue	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final
	\$ 14,600,000	14,800,000	15,014,215	214,215
Contributions	467,250	467,250	447,167	(20,083)
Other revenue	90,000	70,000	22,260	(47,740)
Total revenue	15,157,250	15,337,250	15,483,642	146,392
Expenditures				
Program	13,249,500	14,449,500	12,651,775	1,797,725
Personnel costs	1,854,050	1,754,050	1,916,833	(162,783)
Administrative committee travel	166,000	166,000	103,997	62,003
Executive committee travel	179,500	179,500	168,946	10,554
Staff and field operations travel	60,000	60,000	58,112	1,888
Office	489,500	705,000	643,284	61,716
Professional services	179,500	179,500	235,538	(56,038)
USDA user fees	225,000	200,000	143,575	56,425
Special Project - New Building	1,530,000	1,620,000	181,437	1,438,563
Other	2,700	2,700	(15,371)	18,071
Total current expenditures	17,935,750	19,316,250	16,088,126	3,228,124
Capital outlay			1,344,628	(1,344,628)
Total capital expenditures			1,344,628	(1,344,628)
Total expenditures	17,935,750	19,316,250	17,432,754	1,883,496
Excess of (deficiency in) revenue over expenditures	\$ (2,778,500)	(3,979,000)	(1,949,112)	2,029,888

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Budget	Actual	Variance From Final
Revenue				
Grants	\$	5,301,122	4,487,653	(813,469)
Total revenue		5,301,122	4,487,653	(813,469)
Expenditures				
Program		5,301,122	4,487,653	813,469
Total expenditures		5,301,122	4,487,653	813,469
Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$			

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Budget	Actual	Variance From Final
Revenue				
Grants	\$	5,130,000	1,097,512	(4,032,488)
Total revenue		5,130,000	1,097,512	(4,032,488)
Expenditures				
Program	_	5,130,000	1,097,512	4,032,488
Total expenditures	_	5,130,000	1,097,512	4,032,488
Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$ <u></u>			

Schedule of Cash Flows, Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General fund	MAP fund		Nonmajor - other grants fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities	(9/0.122)				(0(0.122)
Change in net position Adjustments to reconcile increase in net position to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	8 (869,123)	_	_	_	(869,123)
Loss on disposal of assets Net realized and unrealized gains	15,371	_	_	_	15,371
on investments	(67,620)	_	_	_	(67,620)
Depreciation	199,224	_	_	_	199,224
Change in operating assets and liabilities	•				ŕ
Assessments receivable	(157,126)	_	_	_	(157,126)
Claims receivable		21,236	(127,996)	24,777	(81,983)
Other receivables	122,209	_		_	122,209
Prepaid items	(29,880)	(15,133)	(6,028)	_	(51,041)
Accounts payable	7,795	464,779	247,023	_	719,597
Accrued expenses	(66,733)	_	_	_	(66,733)
Deferred evenue	39,800	_	_	_	39,800
Deferred rent	(61,127)			_	(61,127)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(867,210)	470,882	112,999	24,777	(258,552)
Cash flows from investing activities Sale of investments Purchases of capital assets	887,236 (1,344,628)	_ 	_ _	_ 	887,236 (1,344,628)
Net cash used in investing activities	(457,392)				(457,392)
Cash flows from financing activities Decrease in lease liablity Decrease (increase) in due from other funds	50,044 1,221,489	(957,231)	(239,481)		50,044
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,271,533	(957,231)	(239,481)	(24,777)	(864,740)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(53,069)	(486,349)	(126,482)	_	(1,580,684)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,230,816	825,898	157,125		2,213,839
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	S 1,177,747	339,549	30,643		633,155

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Schedule of Program Expenditures, General Fund Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Budget	Actual	Variance
Marketing		_		
Consumer	\$	1,800,000	1,719,257	80,743
Food Service		1,000,000	1,011,845	(11,845)
Digital/Measurement		350,000	186,052	163,948
Retail		475,000	443,658	31,342
Nutrition		775,000	758,980	16,020
Research and Analysis		600,000	518,139	81,861
Program Implementation		2,280,000	2,225,542	54,458
International Marketing	_	2,620,000	2,153,743	466,257
Total Marketing		9,900,000	9,017,216	882,784
Research and Analysis				
Potato Research Advisory Committee		26,000	8,285	17,715
Alliance for Potato Research and Education		500,000	500,000	_
Administrative Expenses		315,000	320,426	(5,426)
National Fry Processor Trials		335,000	260,592	74,408
National Chip Program		1,324,000	954,433	369,567
Total Research and Analysis		2,500,000	2,043,736	456,264
Industry Outreach				
Program Implementation		73,000	73,429	(429)
Industry Committee and Grower Relations		252,000	231,751	20,249
State & National Partnering		40,000	30,029	9,971
Policy	_	155,000	154,896	104
Total Industry Outreach		520,000	490,105	29,895
Sponsorships		18,500	15,000	3,500
Annual Meeting		236,000	196,002	39,998
Special Projects		1,250,000	869,716	380,284
Contingency Fund		25,000	20,000	5,000
Total Program Expenditures	- \$	14,449,500	12,651,775	1,797,725
	* =	, ,	,001,770	1,171,120

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Schedule of Administrative Expenditures, General Fund Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budget	Actual	Variance
Personnel costs	\$	1,754,050	1,916,833	(162,783)
Administrative committee travel		166,000	103,997	62,003
Executive committee travel		179,500	168,946	10,554
Staff and field operations travel		60,000	58,112	1,888
Professional services		179,500	235,538	(56,038)
Office expenses		340,000	380,692	(40,692)
Office lease		365,000	262,592	102,408
USDA user fees		200,000	143,575	56,425
Special Project - New Building		1,620,000	181,437	1,438,563
Other operating expenses		2,700	(15,371)	18,071
Total administrative expenditures	\$_	4,866,750	3,436,351	1,430,399
Reconciliation to U.S. GAAP basis				
Capital outlay			1,344,628	
Total administrative expenditures per stat	ement of a	activities	4,780,979	

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Schedule of Program Expenditures, MAP Fund Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Marketing Year 2021 Expenditures Incurred in Fisc	al Year 2022		
Burma/Myanmar			
Foodservice \$	114,000	69,069	44,931
Retail	65,000	23,281	41,719
Consumer/PPM	45,000	35,293	9,707
Total Burma/Myanmar	224,000	127,643	96,357
Central America			
Foodservice	230,000	118,724	111,276
Retail	145,000	114,013	30,987
Consumer/PPM	60,000	38,464	21,536
Total Central America	435,000	271,201	163,799
China			
Foodservice	299,000	288,234	10,766
Retail	151,000	144,218	6,782
Consumer/PPM	120,000	113,519	6,481
Total China	570,000	545,971	24,029
Japan			
Foodservice	320,500	313,019	7,481
Retail	168,000	164,096	3,904
Consumer/PPM	111,500	103,954	7,546
Total Japan	600,000	581,069	18,931
Malaysia			
Foodservice	295,000	261,679	33,321
Retail	170,000	135,422	34,578
Consumer/PPM	85,000	74,790	10,210
Total Malaysia	550,000	471,891	78,109
			(Continued)

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Schedule of Program Expenditures, MAP Fund Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Marketing Year 2021 Expenditures Incurred in Fisc	cal Year 2022		
Mexico			
Foodservice \$	227,000	215,642	11,358
Retail	172,000	118,449	53,551
Consumer/PPM	173,000	143,291	29,709
Market Access & Implementation	52,000	51,070	930
Total Mexico	624,000	528,452	95,548
Philippines			
Foodservice	200,000	117,279	82,721
Retail	95,000	45,045	49,955
Consumer/PPM	120,000	110,165	9,835
Total Philippines	415,000	272,489	142,511
South Korea			
Foodservice	286,000	273,124	12,876
Retail	164,000	160,252	3,748
Ingredient	57,000	52,356	4,644
Consumer/PPM	111,000	106,849	4,151
Total South Korea	618,000	592,581	25,419
Taiwan			
Foodservice	133,000	122,979	10,021
Retail	144,000	139,616	4,384
Consumer/PPM	85,000	76,747	8,253
Total Taiwan	362,000	339,342	22,658
Thailand			
Foodservice	220,000	153,432	66,568
Total Thailand	220,000	153,432	66,568

(Continued)

Schedule of Program Expenditures, MAP Fund Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Marketing Year 2021 Expenditures Incurred in	Fiscal Year 2022		
Vietnam	\$		
Foodservice	141,500	137,985	3,515
Retail	58,400	56,600	1,800
Consumer/PPM	125,100	123,609	1,491
Total Vietnam	325,000	318,194	6,806
Global Evaluation			
Representative Meeting	106,122	105,109	1,013
Market Evaluation	94,000	73,500	20,500
Consumer Research	58,000	58,000	_
Market Maintenance		(15,395)	15,395
Total Global Evaluation	258,122	221,214	36,908
SEED PROMOTION			
Global Resources			
Market Access	5,000	(600)	5,600
Total Global Resources	5,000	(600)	5,600
Bangladesh			
Market Development	15,000	281	14,719
Total Bangladesh	15,000	281	14,719
Cuba			
Variety Trials	53,500	52,267	1,233
Reverse Trade Mission	10,000	_	10,000
Trade Education	16,500	12,226	4,274
Total Cuba	80,000	64,493	15,507
Total Seed Promotion	100,000	64,174	35,826
Marketing Year 2021 Expenditures	\$ 5,301,122	4,487,653	813,469

Schedule of Program Expenditures, ATP Fund Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Budget	Actual	Variance
Global Evaluation	\$	199,184	130,615	68,569
Bahrain				
Foodservice		60,000	_	60,000
Retail	_	10,000		10,000
Total Bahrain		70,000	_	70,000
Burma/Myanmar				
Consumer Communications		8,846	4,294	4,552
Foodservice		25	_	25
Ingredient	_	15,000		15,000
Total Burma/Myanmar		23,871	4,294	19,577
Greater China				
Consumer		75,000	38,824	36,176
Foodservice		295,000	_	295,000
Retail		40,025	35,295	4,730
Ingredient		59,296	33,667	25,629
Market Access & Implementation	_	65,000	32,353	32,647
Total Greater China		534,321	140,139	394,182
Indonesia				
Foodservice		50,000	_	50,000
Retail		75,000	_	75,000
Ingredient		30,330	_	30,330
Market Access & Implementation		25		25
Total Indonesia		155,355	_	155,355
Japan				
Foodservice		120,000	87,957	32,043
Retail		60,969	18,820	42,149
Ingredient		23,945	_	23,945
Market Access & Implementation	_	9,426		9,426
Total Japan		214,340	106,777	107,563

Schedule of Program Expenditures, ATP Fund Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Budget	Actual	Variance
Malaysia				
Foodservice	\$	84,555	_	84,555
Consumer/PPM	_	25	26,601	(26,576)
Total Malaysia		84,580	26,601	57,979
Mexico				
Foodservice		50	_	50
Retail		310,000	218,593	91,407
Consumer/PPM		186,546	_	186,546
Market Access & Implementation		_	2,860	(2,860)
Ingredient	_	25,000		25,000
Total Mexico		521,596	221,453	300,143
Philippines				
Foodservice		45,000	41,249	3,751
Ingredient		15,000		15,000
Total Philippines		60,000	41,249	18,751
Saudi Arabia				
Foodservice		115,369	9,767	105,602
Retail		40,000	2,184	37,816
Ingredient	_	30,000		30,000
Total Saudi Arabia		185,369	11,951	173,418
South Korea				
Ingredient		80,000	59,676	20,324
Consumer/PPM	_	75,000	74,982	18
Total South Korea		155,000	134,658	20,342
Taiwan				
Ingredient	_	42,330	13,844	28,486
Total Taiwan		42,330	13,844	28,486

(Continued)

Schedule of Program Expenditures, ATP Fund Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Budget	Actual	Variance
Thailand				
Foodservice	\$	160,000	_	160,000
Retail		120,000	40,294	79,706
Ingredient	_	19,814		19,814
Total Thailand		299,814	40,294	259,520
UAE				
Foodservice		75,875	30,368	45,507
Retail		45,000	10,377	34,623
Ingredient	_	135,000	64,168	70,832
Total UAE		255,875	104,913	150,962
Vietnam				
Consumer		40,000	21,799	18,201
Foodservice		45,000	_	45,000
Ingredient	_	15,000		15,000
Total Vietnam		100,000	21,799	78,201
Seed Global Resources				
Maintenance Market Travel		76,616	71,673	4,943
New Market Exploration, Evaluation, & Assessment		17.642		17,642
Assessment International Standards Resources		17,642 14,340	_	17,042
International Standards Resources	_	14,340		14,340
Total Seed Global Resources		108,598	71,673	36,925
Seed State Programs				
Colorado (CPAC)		100,030	27,252	72,778
,		,		
Total Seed State Programs		100,030	27,252	72,778
Total Seed Promotion	<u>-</u>	208,628	98,925	109,703
Total ATP Program Expenditures	\$	3,110,263	1,097,512	2,012,751

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Schedule of Program Expenditures, QSP Program Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

	-	Budget	Actual	Variance
Agreement 2021-03 (Expires 6/30/2022)				
Burma/Myanmar Potato Product Samples	\$	20,000	_	20,000
Central America Fresh Potato Samples - Chip Stock		40,000	_	40,000
China Fresh Potato Samples - Chip Stock		60,000	_	60,000
Japan Product Sampling - Ingredient		35,000	_	35,000
Malaysia Dehydrated Potato Product Samples		10,000	4,361	5,639
Mexico Dehydrated Potato Product Samples		25,000	_	25,000
Philippines Dehydrated Potato Product Samples		25,000	9,906	15,094
South Korea Dehydrated Potato Product Samples		10,000	3,270	6,730
Thailand Dehydrated Potato Product Samples		10,000	_	10,000
United Arab Emirates Potato Product Samples		25,000	13,339	11,661
Vietnam Dehydrated Potato Product Samples		25,000	802	24,198
Bangladesh Seed Potato Variety Trial Samples		25,000	_	25,000
Morocco Seed Potato Variety Trial Samples		45,000	6,614	38,386
	-			
Total Expenditures	\$_	355,000	38,292	316,708

Schedule of Program Expenditures, TASC Program Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budget	Actual	Variance
Agreement 2020-13 (Expires 6/30/2025)	_			
U.S. Fresh & Seed Potato Exports	\$_	230,000	30,000	200,000
Total Expenditures	\$_	230,000	30,000	200,000



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2022, and the related statement of activities for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Potatoes USA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Potatoes USA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Potatoes USA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Kundinger, Corder & Montaga, P.C.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Potatoes USA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

January 31, 2023



<u>Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program</u> and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Potatoes USA's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Potatoes USA's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Potatoes USA and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Potatoes USA's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Potatoes USA's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Potatoes USA's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Potatoes USA's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Potatoes USA's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Potatoes USA's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Potatoes USA's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kundinger, Corder & Montaga, P.C.

January 31, 2023

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal grantor/pass-through grantor/program or cluster title U.S. Department of Agriculture	Identifying Number	Assistance listing number	Federal expenditures
Direct Programs			
Market Access Program	Market Year 21	10.601	\$ 4,487,653
Agricultural Trade Promotion Program	ATP-2019	10.618	1,097,512
Total MAP/ATP Cluster			5,585,165
Technical Assistance for Specialty Crops Program	2020-13	10.604	30,000
Quality Samples Program	2021-03	10.605	38,292
Total Direct Programs			5,653,457
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			5,653,457
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5,653,457

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Potatoes USA, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Potatoes USA.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

Potatoes USA has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA were prepared in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Potatoes USA, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal award programs are reported in the *Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance*. No material weaknesses are reported.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Potatoes USA expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a) are reported in this Schedule.
- 7. The major programs tested were the MAP/ATP cluster, which included U.S. Department of Agriculture, Market Access Program, ALN 10.601 and U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Trade Promotion Program, ALN 10.618.
- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Potatoes USA was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. Findings – Financial Statement Audit

None.

C. Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None.

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2022

٦	N T			_
	N	O	n	е.



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Standards of the Agricultural Marketing Service Agency of the United States Department of Agriculture, Potato Research and Promotion Act

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Opinion on Compliance

We have audited National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA's compliance with the types of compliance requirements contained in the standards of the Agriculture Marketing Service (AMS) Agency of the United States Department of Agriculture, Potato Research and Promotion Act that are indicated below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

In our opinion, Potatoes USA complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention, insofar as it relates to accounting matters, that caused us to believe that Potatoes USA:

- 1) Failed to comply with Section 1207.360 of the Potato Research and Promotion Plan relating to use of assessments for the purpose of influencing legislation, as that term is defined in Section 4911(d) and (e)(2) of Title 26 of the Internal Revenue Code, or for the purpose of influencing governmental policy or action.
- 2) Was not in compliance with the terms of the Agricultural Marketing Service Investment Policy, other than an exception granted by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, which describes the types of instruments in which Potatoes USA may invest, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.
- 3) Was not in compliance with the requirement to have internal controls over funds that meet auditing standards.
- 4) Was not in compliance with the requirement that assessment funds be used only for projects authorized in a budget approved by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.
- 5) Was not in compliance with the provisions of the Potato Research and Promotion Act related to the use of assessment funds, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

However, it should be noted that our audit was not directed primarily towards obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of the standards of AMS, specifically as stated under Opinion on Compliance above.

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the standards of AMS. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to below that could have a direct and material effect on Potatoes USA has occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Potatoes USA's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Potatoes USA's compliance.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Potatoes USA is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Potatoes USA's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with AMS, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Potatoes USA's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of AMS on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of AMS will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of AMS that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of AMS. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kundinger, Corder & Montaga, P.C.

January 31, 2023