National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2018

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

Kundinger, Corder & Engle, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the National Potato Promotion Board, d/b/a Potatoes USA, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Potatoes USA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison information for the General Fund and the MAP fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3–7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Potatoes USA's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Costs Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 8, 2019, on our consideration of Potatoes USA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Potatoes USA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kundinger, Cordra . Congle, P.C.

January 8, 2019

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's discussion and analysis of National Potato Promotion Board's (Potatoes USA) financial performance provides an overview of Potatoes USA's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position (on page 8) and the Statement of Activities (on page 9) provide information about the activities of Potatoes USA as a whole and present a longer-term view of Potatoes USA's finances. For governmental activities, these statements explain how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with Potatoes USA's basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the activities and financial health of Potatoes USA.

Potatoes USA receives assessments from potato growers and funding from the Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS) of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) for the purpose of carrying out an effective and continuous program of marketing, research, development, advertising, and promotion to help expand existing domestic and foreign potato markets as well as to develop new or improved markets.

Financial Highlights

- Potatoes USA's assets exceeded its liabilities by a net position of \$11,215,698 as of June 30, 2018, reflecting a decrease in net position of (\$117,873) since June 30, 2017.
- Potatoes USA's general fund ending fund balance totaled \$11,102,637 at June 30, 2018. This ending fund balance includes \$1,290,823 in restricted funds, \$2,327,834 in funds assigned for specific purposes by the Board of Directors, \$134,781 in non-spendable funds, and \$7,349,199 in unassigned funds.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Potatoes USA's basic financial statements. Potatoes USA's basic financial statements consist of the following two components:

- Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements
- Notes to the Financial Statements

Because Potatoes USA has only two major funds, it has presented government-wide financial and fund financial statements together with an adjustment column to show the reconciliation between the two required basic statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Potatoes USA's finances using the accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of Potatoes USA.

The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> presents information on all of Potatoes USA's assets and liabilities. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net position.

Overview of Financial Statements, Continued

The <u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information reflecting how Potatoes USA's net position has changed during the current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying activity occurs. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods.

Fund Financial Statements

Potatoes USA uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Traditional users of Potatoes USA's financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar with a focus on major funds rather than fund types. All funds of Potatoes USA can be categorized as governmental funds as more fully discussed below.

A <u>fund</u> is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. A major fund should generally meet both of the following criteria: 1) total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities or expenditures/expenses) for all funds of that category or fund type (i.e. total governmental or total enterprise funds) and 2) total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to report those same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, with the exception of long-term obligations and similar long-term items which are recorded when due. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, and the MAP Fund. These two funds are considered to be major funds.

Potatoes USA adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for Potatoes USA's major funds (General Fund and MAP Fund) to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements are considered an integral part of the financial statements since they provide additional information needed to gain a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

In fiscal year 2018, Potatoes USA's main sources of revenue were assessments and FAS foreign market development funding, as described above.

Administrative costs are not required to be capped. However, Potatoes USA makes every effort to keep these costs down. Administrative costs include Potatoes USA's cost to conduct program activities both domestically and internationally and to operate its administrative office.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following table reflects the condensed statements of net position as of June 30:

	2018	2017
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,408,860	1,291,946
Investments	6,872,905	7,037,819
Assessments receivable	2,051,985	1,793,961
Claims receivable	3,171,159	3,067,812
Other receivables	83,514	128,433
Prepaid items	134,781	64,270
Capital assets, net	270,764	375,255
Total assets	\$ <u>14,993,968</u>	<u>13,759,496</u>
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,962,523	1,716,957
Accrued expenses	572,682	398,951
Deferred rent	85,362	73,463
Capital lease obligations	157,703	236,554
Total liabilities	3,778,270	2,425,925
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	113,061	138,701
Restricted	1,290,823	1,209,200
Unrestricted	9,811,814	9,985,670
Net position	\$ <u>11,215,698</u>	<u>11,333,571</u>

The following table reflects the condensed statement of activities for the years ended June 30:

	<u>2018</u>	2017
Revenue:		
Assessments	\$ 14,467,798	14,948,212
Contributions	398,043	502,591
Grants	5,312,864	5,120,734
Other revenue	214,746	167,090
Total revenue	<u>20,393,451</u>	20,738,627
Expenditures:		
Program	18,190,573	17,907,668
Operating	2,320,751	2,120,376
Total expenditures	20,511,324	20,028,044
Change in net position	\$ <u>(117,873</u>)	710,583

Revenue

General Fund

Potatoes USA collects assessments of \$.03 per hundred-weight of potatoes grown in the United States for human consumption. It also receives assessments based on the fresh weight equivalent of potatoes and potato products imported from foreign countries. Interest income is earned on Potatoes USA's reserve which is invested in money market funds and certificates of deposit.

The following table highlights the General Fund's revenue for the year ended June 30, 2018 as compared to the year ended June 30, 2017:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Assessments	\$ 14,467,798	14,948,212
Contributions	398,043	502,591
Food Truck	75,550	115,613
Investment return	94,269	51,477
Other revenue	44,927	
Total revenue	\$ <u>15,080,587</u>	<u>15,617,893</u>

- Potatoes USA recorded total assessments revenue of \$14.4 million during the year ended June 30, 2018. This is a decrease of \$480,414 from the year ended June 30, 2017.
- Investment return is generated from Potatoes USA's investments. Potatoes USA earned \$94,269 in the year ended June 30, 2018. This is an increase of \$42,792 from the year ended June 30, 2017.
- Potatoes USA receives contributions from major fry processors, chip processors and state potato organizations for its National Fry Processor Trials (NFPT) and National Chip Processor Trials (NCPT) programs. These programs seek to identify new potato varieties that will lower acrylamide levels. Contributions recognized during the year ended June 30, 2018 total \$398,043. Unspent amounts remaining at June 30, 2018 are reflected in the restricted fund balance.

MAP Fund

Potatoes USA receives funding from the Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS) of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) under the Market Access Program (MAP). This program provides commodity groups with funds to be used to develop foreign markets for U.S. agricultural products. Funds received are based upon the submission of an application to FAS known as the Unified Export Strategy (UES) and an evaluation known as the Country Progress Report (CPR). The MAP fund was awarded \$4,826,422 for the year ended June 30, 2018 of which \$4,825,371 was expended under the new award and \$22,262 was expended under the previous award, compared to \$5,056,268 for the year ended June 30, 2017 of which \$4,768,221 was expended.

Other Grant Funds

Funding is received from FAS under the Emerging Markets Program (EMP), which is designed to facilitate basic market development work for US agricultural exports in less developed emerging markets. Funds are received for Technical Assistance for Specialty Crops (TASC), which is designed to help overcome technical barriers to exports faced by specialty crops such as potatoes. Funds are received for Quality Samples Program (QSP), which is designed to pay for commercially viable samples of U.S. agricultural products to be tested by end users in foreign countries.

Grants funded by USDA are primarily on a reimbursement basis.

Capital Assets

During the year ended June 30, 2018, Potatoes USA acquired \$13,957 of office furniture, leasehold improvements, vehicles, and equipment, bringing its capital asset balance to \$270,764 net of accumulated depreciation of \$557,837.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>
Beginning fund balance	\$ 11,194,870	11,194,870
Revenues	14,917,890	15,080,587
Expenditures	(<u>16,041,772</u>)	(<u>15,172,820</u>)
Ending fund balance	\$ <u>10,070,988</u>	<u>11,102,637</u>

The 2018 General Fund budget was amended during the year to include special projects and to ensure the budget categories aligned closely with actual expenditures as required by USDA.

Requests for Information

Potatoes USA's financial statements are designed to present users with a general overview of Potatoes USA's finances and to demonstrate Potatoes USA's accountability. If there are any questions about the report or additional information is needed, please contact Potatoes USA, 4949 South Syracuse Street, Suite 400, Denver, Colorado 80237.

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2018

	Car	anal Eurod	MAP Fund	Nonmajor - Other Grants	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Assets:	Ger	ierai rund	MAP Fund	Grants	Total	Adjustments	Net Position
Cash and cash equivalents (note 2)	\$ 1.	,080,179	1,328,681	_	2,408,860	_	2,408,860
Investments (note 2)		872,905		_	6,872,905	_	6,872,905
Assessments receivable		,051,985	_	_	2,051,985	_	2,051,985
Claims receivable		_	2,864,769	306,390	3,171,159	_	3,171,159
Other receivables		83,514	_	-	83,514	_	83,514
Interfund balances (note 3)	2,	,584,070	—	-	2,584,070	(2,584,070)	_
Prepaid expenses		134,781	_	-	134,781	-	134,781
Capital assets (notes 4 and 6):							
Office furniture		-	_	-	_	122,265	122,265
Office equipment		-	_	-	_	323,721	323,721
Vehicles		-	_	-	_	382,615	382,615
Less accumulated depreciation		_				(557,837)	(557,837)
Capital assets, net		_		_		270,764	270,764
Total assets	\$ <u>12</u>	,807,434	4,193,450	306,390	17,307,274	(2,313,306)	14,993,968
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 1.	,046,753	1,787,203	128,567	2,962,523	_	2,962,523
Accrued expenses	Ψ 1	572,682	-	-	572,682	_	572,682
Interfund balances (note 3)			2,406,247	177,823	2,584,070	(2,584,070)	
Deferred rent		85,362	_,,	_	85,362	(_,,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	85,362
Capital lease obligations (note 6)		_	_	_	_	157,703	157,703
Total liabilities	1	,704,797	4,193,450	306,390	6,204,637	(2,426,367)	3,778,270
Fund Balances/Net Position:							
Fund balances:							
Non-spendable		134,781	_	_	134,781	(134,781)	_
Restricted	1	,290,823	_	_	1,290,823	(1,290,823)	_
Assigned		,327,834	_	_	2,327,834	(2,327,834)	_
Unassigned		349,199	_	_	7,349,199	(7,349,199)	_
Total fund balances		,102,637			11,102,637	(11,102,637)	
Commitments and contingencies		,102,057			11,102,037	(11,102,057)	
(notes 5 through 9)							
Total liabilities and							
fund balances	\$ 12	,807,434	4,193,450	306,390	17,307,274		
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets						113,061	113,061
Restricted						1,290,823	1,290,823
Unrestricted						9,811,814	9,811,814
Total net position						11,215,698	11,215,698

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Nonmajor -			
			Other	T 1	Adjust-	Statement of
	General Fund	MAP Fund	Grants	Total	ments	Net Activities
Revenue:						
Assessments	\$ 14,467,798	_	_	14,467,798	_	14,467,798
Contributions	398,043		—	398,043	-	398,043
Grants	—	4,847,633	465,231	5,312,864	—	5,312,864
Other revenue	214,746			214,746		214,746
Total revenue	15,080,587	4,847,633	465,231	20,393,451		20,393,451
Expenditures:						
Program	12,877,709	4,847,633	465,231	18,190,573	_	18,190,573
Personnel costs	1,350,923	_	_	1,350,923	_	1,350,923
Board travel	18,400	_	_	18,400	_	18,400
Staff and field operations travel	34,764	_	_	34,764	_	34,764
Professional services	151,313	—	—	151,313	—	151,313
Office	358,477	_	_	358,477	_	358,477
USDA user fees	180,546	—	—	180,546	-	180,546
Depreciation	-	—	—	-	118,448	118,448
Other	107,880			107,880	_	107,880
Total current expenditures	15,080,012	4,847,633	465,231	20,392,876	118,448	20,511,324
Capital outlay	92,808			92,808	(92,808)	
Total capital outlay	92,808			92,808	(92,808)	
Total expenditures	15,172,820	4,847,633	465,231	20,485,684	25,640	20,511,324
Deficiency of revenue over expenditures	(92,233)			(92,233)	(25,640)	(117,873)
Fund balances at beginning of year	11,194,870			11,194,870	138,701	11,333,571
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 11,102,637		_	11,102,637	113,061	11,215,698

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2018

	-	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final
Revenue: Assessments	\$	14,000,000	14,300,000	14,467,798	167,798
Contributions Other revenue	-	653,000 578,000	398,050 219,840	398,043 214,746	(7) (5,094)
Total revenue	-	15,231,000	14,917,890	15,080,587	162,697
Expenditures:					
Program		14,446,819	13,795,072	12,877,709	917,363
Personnel services and benefits		1,417,709	1,400,000	1,350,923	49,077
Board travel		23,500	16,000	18,400	(2,400)
Staff and field operations travel		50,000	35,000	34,764	236
Professional services		85,750	155,000	151,313	3,687
Office		346,737	345,550	358,477	(12,927)
USDA user fees		201,836	184,800	180,546	4,254
Other	-	158,718	110,350	107,880	2,470
Total current expenditures	-	16,731,069	16,041,772	15,080,012	961,760
Capital outlay	-	_		92,808	(92,808)
Total capital expenditures	-	_		92,808	(92,808)
Total expenditures	-	16,731,069	16,041,772	15,172,820	868,952
Deficiency of revenue over expenditures	\$	(1,500,069)	(1,123,882)	(92,233)	(1,031,649)

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA MAP Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2018

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance From Final
Revenue:					
Grants	\$_	4,848,684	4,848,684	4,847,633	(1,051)
Total revenue	-	4,848,684	4,848,684	4,847,633	(1,051)
Expenditures:					
Program	_	4,848,684	4,848,684	4,847,633	1,051
Total expenditures	-	4,848,684	4,848,684	4,847,633	1,051
Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$_				

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) General

The National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA, an instrumentality of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), was established by an act of Congress on January 11, 1971, to carry out an effective and continuous program of marketing, research, development, advertising, and promotion to help expand existing domestic and foreign potato markets and to develop new or improved markets.

Potatoes USA follows the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements that provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, potential for organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. Potatoes USA does not have any component units.

Potatoes USA has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments (GASB 34) which established financial reporting standards for state and local governments including the establishment of the basic financial statements and required supplementary information, including Management's Discussion and Analysis.

(b) Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Statements

Because Potatoes USA only has two major funds and one other grant fund, it has presented its government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements together with an adjustment column to show the reconciliation between the two required basic statements.

The government-wide financial statements – the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities – report information on all of the activities of Potatoes USA. Interfund activity, if any, has been removed from these statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to distinguish functions of Potatoes USA that are principally supported by assessment revenues and operating grants (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Potatoes USA has no business-type activities.

The primary governmental activities of Potatoes USA include the distribution of funds to promote and develop existing and new potato markets.

(b) Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation, Continued

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program. Program revenues include grants, assessments and other revenues. Other revenues not directly related to a particular function or program, if any, are reported separately as general revenues.

Since Potatoes USA does not operate any enterprise fund or internal service fund activities, there are no proprietary funds to include in this report.

Potatoes USA utilizes two types of governmental funds. The General Fund is Potatoes USA's main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of Potatoes USA except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. Special Revenue Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. Potatoes USA's Special Revenue Funds include the Market Access Program (MAP) Fund and the Other Grants Fund. These funds account for grant funding received from the Foreign Agricultural Service.

The General and MAP Funds are considered to be major governmental funds and are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as expenditures when all of the eligibility and reimbursement requirements of the grantor have been met.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measureable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, as used in the governmental fund financial statements, acquisition costs of capital assets are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and depreciation is not recognized on these capital assets.

(c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as all cash accounts and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents may include cash on hand, demand deposits, and savings accounts.

(e) Investments

Investments consist of money market accounts and certificates of deposit and are carried at fair value in the governmental funds balance sheet and statement of net position.

(f) Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject Potatoes USA to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and investments. Potatoes USA's bank accounts at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or collateral held by Potatoes USA's custodial banks under provisions of the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA).

PDPA requires financial institutions to pledge collateral having a market value of at least 102% of the aggregate public deposits not insured by federal depository insurance. Eligible collateral includes municipal bonds, U.S. government securities, mortgages, and deeds of trust.

State statutes authorize Potatoes USA to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, obligations of the State of Colorado or of any county, school district, and certain towns and cities therein, notes or bonds secured by insured mortgages or trust deeds, obligations of national mortgage associations, and certain repurchase agreements and money market funds.

Potatoes USA is also required to follow the Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) investment policy, which defines the types of investments Potatoes USA can purchase and the collateral requirements for Potatoes USA's cash and investments. Potatoes USA utilizes Zions National Bank as its investment custodian.

Board policy requires that there always be funds on hand sufficient to liquidate all of the outstanding obligations of Potatoes USA as of June 30 of each year after considering anticipated accounts receivable due to Potatoes USA. At June 30, 2018, Potatoes USA was in compliance with this requirement.

(g) Budgets

Potatoes USA's budget is required to be approved by the USDA. No amendments are required provided the total amount appropriated remains the same. The budget is on a basis inconsistent with U.S. GAAP as capital outlays are not budgeted.

(h) Revenue Recognition

Assessments are recognized as revenue in the period to which the assessment relates. Grant revenue is recognized as expenditures occur.

(i) Interfund Transactions

Transactions which constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from that fund which are properly applicable to another fund or recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. At year-end, outstanding balances between funds are reported as due from other funds and due to other funds.

(j) Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

(k) Capital Assets

Potatoes USA capitalizes property and equipment with an initial cost, or fair value if donated, over \$500 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Assets purchased for ownership by the government, the use of which benefits Potatoes USA, are not capitalized. Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from three to ten years.

(I) Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report restrictions of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by law or outside parties for use for specific purposes.

Restrictions for Potatoes USA are recorded up to the maximum equity available in the fund balance and consist of:

Non-spendable fund balance

These funds cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as prepaid expenses) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Potatoes USA's non-spendable fund balance at June 30, 2018 is \$134,781 and consists of prepaid insurance, advance payments to vendors, and a lease deposit.

Restricted fund balance

These restrictions are established by external parties (such as grantors), constitutional provisions, or legislation and require the funds to be used for a specific purpose. Aggregate unspent contributions made to the National Fry and National Chip Processor Trials comprise Potatoes USA's restricted fund balance, which totals \$1,290,823 at June 30, 2018.

Committed fund balance

These are funds that are constrained for specific purposes according to limitations imposed by the Board of Directors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Committed funds may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors. Potatoes USA has no committed fund balance as of June 30, 2018.

(I) Fund Equity, Continued

Assigned fund balance

Assigned fund balances are amounts Potatoes USA intends to use for specific purposes. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or by an official to which Potatoes USA delegates authority. Restricted funds are considered to be spent first followed by assigned and unassigned for an expenditure for which any could be used.

The Board of Directors has established a cash reserve of \$500,000 to satisfy the requirements of a USDA mandate and has allocated an additional \$1,500,000 for a total cash reserve of \$2,000,000. These funds are designated to wind down the business of Potatoes USA if it were to ever go out of existence. In addition to the USDA-mandated cash fund, Potatoes USA has also assigned the proceeds from chipping potato seed sales to support the NCPT program. At June 30, 2018, the assigned seed proceeds have a total balance of \$327,834.

Unassigned fund balance

All funds that do not meet any of the criteria above are considered unassigned. Potatoes USA will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

(m) Deferred Rent

Deferred rent represents the unamortized portion of lessor incentives (free rent and escalating rental payments) received in conjunction with Potatoes USA's office lease. Potatoes USA amortizes deferred rent over the life of the lease.

(n) Income Taxes

Potatoes USA is classified as an instrumentality of the United States Government by the Internal Revenue Service under Internal Revenue Code Section 115(a). Therefore, Potatoes USA is not subject to income taxation. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is reflected in these financial statements. Potatoes USA is also exempt from all state and local sales taxes except for sales in excise taxes on utilities, travel and product sales to third parties.

(o) Subsequent Events

Management is required to evaluate, through the date the financial statements are issued or available to be issued, events or transactions that may require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements, and to disclose the date through which subsequent events were evaluated. Potatoes USA's financial statements were available to be issued on January 8, 2019, and this is the date through which subsequent events were evaluated.

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

At June 30, 2018, the carrying value of Potatoes USA's cash and investments are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,408,860
Investments	<u>6,872,905</u>
Total cash and investments	\$ <u>9,281,765</u>

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments, Continued

Potatoes USA's bank balances and investments are collateralized as follows:

FDIC insured bank deposits	\$ 250,000
Collateralized bank deposits	2,158,860
Money market fund	4,380,045
Short-term investments	1,262,006
Long-term investments*	<u>1,230,854</u>
Total cash and investments	\$ <u>9,281,765</u>

*On September 14, 2017, AMS granted Potatoes USA an exception to the current investment policy permitting Potatoes USA to extend investment maturities past the one-year limit to a maximum of five years. These long-term investments still adhere to insurance limits and risk-adverse requirements as stated in the AMS Investment policy.

At June 30, 2018, short-term investments are invested in a money market fund that bears an interest rate of 1.78% and certificates of deposits that bear interest rates ranging from 1.48% to 1.50%. At June 30, 2018, long-term investments are invested in certificates of deposit that bear interest rates ranging from 1.70% to 2.40%.

Potatoes USA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. At June 30, 2018, all short-term investments are valued at Level 1 inputs under the fair value hierarchy.

At June 30, 2018, Potatoes USA held \$4,380,045 in the Federal Government Obligations Money Market fund at Zions Bank. This investment cannot be categorized since it is not evidenced by specific securities. The investment is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The approximate net asset value at June 30, 2018 is \$4,380,045.

(3) Interfund Transactions

Potatoes USA reports interfund balances between its funds. The sum of all balances presented in the table agrees with the sum of interfund balances presented in the Statement of Net Position for the governmental funds. The purpose of the interfund balances is to cover cash flow needs until a grant reimbursement is received for expenditures incurred. Interfund balances are generally expected to be repaid within one year of the financial statement date. At June 30, 2018, the following balances were due between funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	MAP Fund	\$ 2,406,247
General Fund	Other Grants Funds	177,823
		\$ <u>2,584,070</u>

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Notes to Financial Statements

(4) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity during the year ended June 30, 2018 included the following:

	July 1, <u>2017</u>	Additions	Disposals	June 30, <u>2018</u>
Office furniture	\$ 108,843	13,422	_	122,265
Office equipment	323,186	535	_	323,721
Vehicles	<u>382,615</u>			382,615
Total capital assets	814,644	13,957	_	828,601
Less accumulated depreciation	(<u>439,389</u>)	(<u>118,448</u>)		(<u>557,837</u>)
Capital assets, net	\$ <u>375,255</u>	(<u>104,491</u>)		270,764

(5) **Operating Leases**

Potatoes USA is obligated under various operating leases for equipment and office space that expire through 2023. Future minimum rental payments under these leases are as follows for the year ended June 30, 2018:

2019	\$ 205,040
2020	209,233
2021	201,281
2022	199,402
2023	151,909
Total	<u>131,909</u> \$ <u>966,865</u>

Total lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$204,396.

(6) Capital Lease Obligations

Potatoes USA leases vehicles under various agreements that are classified as capital leases. The cost of these vehicles under capital leases totals \$382,615 at June 30, 2018 and have been included in capital assets – vehicles. Amortization expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$78,851 and has been included in depreciation expense.

The future minimum lease payments under the capital leases for the years ended June 30 are as follows:

2019	\$ 78,852
2020	
Total	\$ <u>157,703</u>

(7) Retirement Plan

Effective July 1, 1990, Potatoes USA established a defined contribution, profit sharing plan (the Plan) administered by The Standard. The Plan covers all employees and requires no minimum funding standards and can be amended by the Board of Directors. The employer contribution is currently 8% of employees' salaries. The Plan allows employees to contribute up to the maximum IRS limit. For the year ended June 30, 2018, Potatoes USA contributed \$247,457 to the Plan.

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Notes to Financial Statements

(8) Commitment and Contingencies

Potatoes USA has contracted with independent representatives in Indonesia, Taiwan, Myanmar, Japan, South Korea, China, Mexico, Costa Rica, Vietnam, the Philippines, Thailand and Singapore to administer the programs funded by the Market Access Program of the USDA. The contracts are for one year from July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018. Contracts are negotiated annually and are expected to be renewed for the next fiscal year.

Should Potatoes USA not properly administer MAP funds pursuant to the MAP regulations as interpreted by the FAS, Potatoes USA's General Fund would be responsible to repay the U.S. government. Management believes the MAP Fund is being administered in accordance with MAP regulations and that any such liability is unlikely.

Potatoes USA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries; and natural disasters. Potatoes USA purchases commercial insurance for risks of loss in excess of deductible amounts. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(9) Advances to Market Access Program

Potatoes USA is the cooperator, with assistance of the USDA Foreign Agricultural Service (FAS), in receiving and managing the MAP Fund. Potatoes USA is responsible for properly administering approximately \$4.8 million of these funds. MAP regulations require that, after the first 90 days, Potatoes USA must first disburse the funds under the program, then request reimbursement from the U.S. government. To meet these short-term cash needs, Potatoes USA has been authorized to borrow 40% from FAS with 90 days to offset the advance with claims on behalf of the MAP Fund. As of June 30, 2018, no amounts were due to FAS.

(10) Reconciliation of Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

The Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet includes an adjustment between Fund Balance – Total Governmental Funds and Net Position for capital assets and leases. Capital assets and leases used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.

Fund balance of Governmental Funds	\$ 11,102,637
Capital assets used in governmental activities not reported	
in the Governmental Funds	270,764
Capital lease obligations	(157,703)
Total net position	\$ <u>11,215,698</u>

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Notes to Financial Statements

(11) Reconciliation of Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

The Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes an adjustment between the change in fund balance of the governmental funds and the change in net position of the government-wide activities. The only elements to that adjustment pertain to capital outlay, depreciation, and capital leases.

When the purchase of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, and a gain or loss is recognized for the difference between the proceeds, if any, from the disposal of those assets and their net book value.

Year ended June 30, 2018:

Net change in fund balance – Governmental Funds	\$ (92,233)
Depreciation and capital outlay	(104,491)
Principal portion of lease payments	78,851
Change in net position of Governmental Activities	\$ (<u>117,873</u>)

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Statement of Cash Flows, General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

Cash flows from operating activities:	¢	(02.222)
Decrease in net position	\$	(92,233)
Adjustments to reconcile decrease in net position to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		(510)
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments		(518)
Purchases of capital assets		13,957
Net payments on capital leases		78,851
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:		
Assessments receivable		(258,024)
Other receivables		44,919
Prepaid expenses		(70,511)
Increase in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable		799,953
Accrued liabilities		173,731
Deferred rent	_	11,899
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	702,024
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of capital assets	_	(13,957)
Net cash used in investing activities		(13,957)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Purchases of investments		165,432
Principal payments on capital leases		(78,851)
Decrease in due from other funds		(506,157)
	-	(500,157)
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(419,576)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		268,491
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	811,688
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$_	1,080,179

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Statement of Cash Flows, MAP Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

Cash flows from operating activities: Change in net position Adjustments to reconcile increase in net position to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	_
Increase in operating assets: Claims receivable		(7,737)
Increase in operating liabilities:		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Accounts payable	_	434,658
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	426,921
Cash flows from financing activities: Increase in due to other funds	_	421,502
Net cash provided by financing activities	_	421,502
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		848,423
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	480,258
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$_	1,328,681

	_	Budget	Actual	Variance
Marketing				
Consumer	\$	2,131,391	2,051,799	79,592
Food Service		1,035,195	1,003,482	31,713
Digital/Measurement		125,000	123,267	1,733
Ingredients		426,478	365,904	60,574
Retail		603,718	558,634	45,084
Reputation Management		80,000	89,202	(9,202)
Research and Analysis		538,000	572,851	(34,851)
Program Implementation		2,203,770	2,092,613	111,157
International		2,821,448	2,479,179	342,269
Total Marketing		9,965,000	9,336,931	628,069
Research and Analysis				
Potato Research Advisory Committee		40,000	29,712	10,288
Alliance for Potato Research and Education		500,000	500,000	_
Administrative Expenses		221,676	248,755	(27,079)
National Fry Processor Trials		243,323	215,758	27,565
National Chip Program		996,758	776,906	219,852
Total Research and Analysis		2,001,757	1,771,131	230,626
Industry Outreach				
Program Implementation		32,850	26,040	6,810
Potato Industry Leadership Institute		500	178	322
Industry Committee and Grower Relations		287,000	256,745	30,255
Policy		5,650	1,092	4,558
State and National Partnering	_	32,000	28,518	3,482
Total Industry Outreach		358,000	312,573	45,427
National Chip Processor Trials		115,000	115,000	_
Sponsorships		12,895	12,895	_
Contingency Fund		4,300	4,300	_

(Continued)

	_	Budget	Actual	Variance	
Annual Meeting	\$	140,880	145,871	(4,991)	
Board Member		63,100	62,948	152	
Administrative Committee		140,000	139,560	440	
Executive Committee		139,000	139,641	(641)	
Special Projects		458,000	445,326	12,674	
Food Trucks		393,500	387,894	5,606	
Check-off Coalition		3,640	3,639	1	
Total Program Expenditures	\$	13,795,072	12,877,709	917,363	

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Schedule of Administrative Expenditures, General Fund Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2018

	-	Budget	Actual	Variance
Personnel costs	\$	1,400,000	1,350,923	49,077
Board travel		16,000	18,400	(2,400)
Staff and field operations travel		35,000	34,764	236
Professional services		155,000	151,313	3,687
Office expenses		175,550	178,830	(3,280)
Office lease		170,000	179,647	(9,647)
USDA user fees		184,800	180,546	4,254
Other operating expenses		110,350	107,880	2,470
Total administrative expenditures	\$	2,246,700	2,202,303	44,397
Reconciliation to U.S. GAAP basis				
Capital outlay			92,808	
Total administrative expenditures per statem	nent of a	ctivities	2,295,111	

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Marketing Year 2017 Expenditures Incurred in Fisca	l Year 2018		
China			
Foodservice \$	270,000	281,202	(11,202)
Retail	85,000	85,004	(4)
Consumer/PPM	55,000	68,054	(13,054)
Market Access & Implementation	31,398	13,885	17,513
Total China	441,398	448,145	(6,747)
Mexico			
Foodservice	236,000	227,214	8,786
Retail	131,000	126,202	4,798
Ingredient	80,000	74,586	5,414
Consumer/PPM	75,000	80,006	(5,006)
Market Access & Implementation	50,000	42,874	7,126
Total Mexico	572,000	550,882	21,118
Japan			
Foodservice	440,000	318,709	121,291
Ingredient	120,000	150,406	(30,406)
Consumer/PPM	73,000	71,777	1,223
Total Japan	633,000	540,892	92,108
South Korea			
Foodservice	265,000	294,926	(29,926)
Retail	60,000	62,888	(2,888)
Ingredient	95,000	117,657	(22,657)
Consumer/PPM	61,000	77,099	(16,099)
Total South Korea \$	481,000	552,570	(71,570)

	_	Budget	Actual	Variance		
Marketing Year 2017 Expenditures Incurred in Fiscal Year 2018						
Philippines						
Foodservice	\$	215,000	220,744	(5,744)		
Retail		85,000	78,562	6,438		
Ingredient		110,000	99,861	10,139		
Consumer/PPM	-	50,000	48,242	1,758		
Total Philippines		460,000	447,409	12,591		
Taiwan						
Foodservice		135,000	153,822	(18,822)		
Retail		85,000	88,411	(3,411)		
Consumer/PPM		48,000	56,561	(8,561)		
Market Access & Implementation	_	15,000	7,161	7,839		
Total Taiwan		283,000	305,955	(22,955)		
Thailand						
Foodservice		135,000	144,067	(9,067)		
Ingredient	_	20,000	22,914	(2,914		
Total Thailand		155,000	166,981	(11,981)		
Indonesia						
Foodservice		100,000	51,413	48,587		
Ingredient	-	20,000	709	19,291		
Total Indonesia		120,000	52,122	67,878		
Malaysia						
Foodservice		155,000	206,500	(51,500)		
Retail		75,000	93,607	(18,607)		
Ingredient		60,000	88,730	(28,730)		
Consumer/PPM	_	53,000	63,144	(10,144)		
Total Malaysia	\$	343,000	451,981	(108,981)		

(Continued)

		Budget	Actual	Variance		
Marketing Year 2017 Expenditures Incurred in Fiscal Year 2018						
Central America						
Foodservice	\$	282,000	276,296	5,704		
Retail		145,000	145,399	(399)		
Ingredient		20,000	23,856	(3,856)		
Consumer/PPM	_	50,000	71,260	(21,260)		
Total Central America		497,000	516,811	(19,811)		
Vietnam						
Foodservice		135,000	121,814	13,186		
Retail		80,000	67,104	12,896		
Ingredient		60,000	36,206	23,794		
Consumer/PPM	_	602	602			
Total Vietnam		275,602	225,726	49,876		
Myanmar						
Foodservice		100,000	91,982	8,018		
Retail		40,000	37,302	2,698		
Ingredient	_	30,000	27,572	2,428		
Total Myanmar		170,000	156,856	13,144		
Global Evaluation						
Rep Meeting		97,422	114,522	(17,100)		
Market Maintenance		18,000	_	18,000		
Market Evaluation		20,000	22,462	(2,462)		
Market Research	_	60,000	62,016	(2,016)		
Total Evaluation	\$	195,422	199,000	(3,578)		

		Budget	Actual	Variance	
Marketing Year 2017 Expenditures Incurred in Fiscal Year 2018					
SEED PROMOTION					
Global Resources					
International Organizations	\$	15,000	13,728	1,272	
International Promotions		5,000	4,891	109	
Market Access		5,000	6,389	(1,389)	
Market Maintenance		45,000	43,277	1,723	
Total Global Resources		70,000	68,285	1,715	
Guatemala					
Market Access		5,000	8,160	(3,160)	
Market Development		5,000	1,140	3,860	
Reverse Trade Mission		22,500	26,245	(3,745)	
Trade Education		5,000	8,389	(3,389)	
Total Guatemala		37,500	43,934	(6,434)	
Morocco					
Market Access		5,000	2,040	2,960	
Market Development		10,000	4,418	5,582	
Reverse Trade Mission		25,000	18,029	6,971	
Trade Education		5,000	1,579	3,421	
Total Morocco		45,000	26,066	18,934	
Myanmar					
Market Access		5,000	2,040	2,960	
Market Development		5,000	17,554	(12,554)	
Reverse Trade Mission		30,000	51,505	(21,505)	
Trade Education		7,500	657	6,843	
Total Myanmar		47,500	71,756	(24,256)	
Total Seed Promotion		200,000	210,041	(10,041)	
Marketing Year 2017 Expenditures	\$	4,826,422	4,825,371	1,051	

		Budget	Actual	Variance
Marketing Year 2016 Expenditures Incurred in F	liscal	Year 2018		
Malaysia				
Foodservice	\$	11,162	11,162	
Philippines				
Ingredient	_	6,000	6,000	
Myanmar				
Seed Reverse Trade Mission		1,700	1,700	
Guatemala				
Seed Reverse Trade Mission		1,700	1,700	
Morocco				
Seed Reverse Trade Mission		1,700	1,700	
Marketing Year 2016 Expenditures	\$_	22,262	22,262	
Total Expenditures	\$_	4,848,684	4,847,633	1,051

	-	Budget	Actual	Variance
Agreement 2017-04 (Expires 6/30/2019)				
Central America Fresh Potato Samples				
Chip – stock	\$	25,000	12,100	12,900
Indonesia Dehydrated Potato Product Samples		3,000	_	3,000
Japan Product Sampling - Ingredient		7,000	1,803	5,197
South Korea Dehydrated Potato Product Samples		4,000	6,158	(2,158)
Mexico Dehydrated & Fresh Chip–Stock				
Potato Samples		10,000	6,561	3,439
Malaysia Dehydrated Potato Product Samples		4,000	4,300	(300)
Philippines Dehydrated Potato Product Samples		15,000	16,363	(1,363)
Thailand Dehydrated Potato Product Samples		3,000	_	3,000
Vietnam Dehydrated Potato Product Samples		5,000	2,770	2,230
Myanmar Seed Potato Variety Trial Samples		45,000	16,644	28,356
Burma/Myanmar Potato Product Samples		15,000	5,100	9,900
Guatemala Seed Potato Variety Trial Samples		45,000	18,057	26,943
Morocco Seed Potato Variety Trial Samples		25,000	24,545	455
Latin America Samples		15,000	_	15,000
Total Expenditures	\$ =	221,000	114,401	106,599

	_	Budget	Actual	Variance
Agreement # 2014-18 (Expires 6/30/2019)				
Introduction of Fresh Product in Mexico	\$	85,000	_	85,000
Agreement # 2014-25 (Expires 6/30/2019)				
Market Assessments - Myanmar		17,953	_	17,953
Market Assessments - Guatemala		26,598	_	26,598
Market Assessments - Morocco		28,249	_	28,249
Variety Trials - Myanmar		28,438	33,111	(4,673)
Variety Trials - Guatemala		13,808	27,099	(13,291)
Variety Trials - Morocco		57,517	31,607	25,910
		172,564	91,817	80,746
Total Expenditures	\$	257,564	91,817	165,746

	 Budget	Actual	Variance
Agreement # 2013-09 (Expired 6/30/2018)			
Pathogen Biology	\$ 45,287	13,036	32,251
Agreement # 2013-35 (Expires 9/30/2018)			
Official Visits for Market Access	 8,151	7,896	255
Agreement # 2015-18 (Expired 7/31/2017)			
Potato Rot Policies	 73,000		73,000
Agreement # 2016-08 (Expires 6/30/2019)			
Zebra Chip (ZC) and Potato Exports	 383,106	172,870	210,236
Agreement # 2016-03 (Expires 7/31/2019)			
Official Visits for Market Access	 90,200	65,211	24,989
Total Expenditures	\$ 599,744	259,013	340,731

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Schedule of Capital Assets Year Ended June 30, 2018

Date of Purchase	Item	Cost
Office furniture		
June 2018	Dishwasher	\$ 955
June 2018	Standing desk	657
March 2018	Flatware	3,255
September 2017	Furniture	1,544
September 2017	Furniture	810
August 2017	Furniture	4,020
August 2017	Furniture	1,131
July 2017	Standing Desks	1,050
June 2017	Office furniture	1,655
May 2017	Office furniture	4,026
May 2017	Office furniture	628
May 2017	Office furniture	591
January 2017	Standing desks	990
September 2016	Key technology	750
June 2016	Standing desks	1,110
April 2015	Key technology	535
October 2014	Modular furniture	2,710
October 2014	Leasehold improvements - build-out construction	29,124
July 2014	Leasehold improvements - design	2,828
April 2013	Office artwork	1,700
April 2013	Office chairs	3,440
January 2013	18 office chairs	4,000
January 2013	Conference table and chairs	7,010
July 2008	Chairs	346
June 2008	Server rack	1,273
May 2008	Four office chairs	445
September 2007	Conference and lobby chairs	2,365
September 2007	Kitchen refrigerator	743
November 2006	File cabinets and shelves	957
August 2004	Aeron chair	650
July 2003	Desk and two chairs	620
February 2002	Modular furniture and installation	4,000
April 2000	2 desks, conference table, 5 desk chairs	1,967
December 1993	12 chairs, 7 steno chairs, conference table	3,610

(Continued)

Date of Purchase	Item	Cost	
Office furniture			
December 1993	Two executive chairs	\$ 550	
September 1993	Desk, credenza, file, three chairs	\$	
January 1990	Lateral file	395	
June 1989	Two walnut display frames	800	
September 1989	Computer table	103	
June 1989	Blue living room chair	275	
June 1989	Blue loveseat	629	
June 1989	Blue wingback chair	309	
June 1989	Brass and glass end table	159	
December 1988	Black leather sofa	1,255	
June 1987	Gray metal shelving	512	
June 1987	Gray metal shelving	512	
June 1987	Gray metal shelving	512	
December 1986	Cylinder base glass table	390	
December 1986	Oak and glass bookcases	820	
September 1986	Upholstery for chairs	345	
September 1986	Reupholster chairs	2,248	
July 1986	Chair, desk and file cabinet	1,400	
June 1986	Terminal table	294	
October 1985	Executive chair	858	
August 1985	Conference chair	296	
August 1985	Conference chair	296	
August 1985	Conference chair	296	
August 1985	Conference chair	296	
August 1985	Conference chair	296	
August 1985	Conference chair	296	
August 1985	Conference chair	296	
August 1985	Conference chair	296	
August 1985	Conference chair	296	
August 1985	Conference chair	296	
August 1985	Printer table	233	
December 1984	Work table	143	
December 1984	Steno chair	171	
November 1984	Credenza	601	

Date of Purchase	Item	Cost
Office furniture		
October 1984	Office chair	\$ 244
October 1978	Typewriter table	185
October 1978	Westinghouse work chair	143
October 1978	Westinghouse work chair	143
October 1978	Bookcase	114
October 1978	Work table	119
September 1977	Steno desk	498
September 1977	Four drawer lateral file	378
September 1977	Work table	155
June 1977	Four drawer lateral file	466
June 1977	Walnut credenza	322
June 1975	Steno desk - left	397
March 1975	Five drawer lateral file	419
March 1975	Five drawer lateral file	419
March 1975	Five drawer lateral file	419
March 1975	Five drawer lateral file	419
October 1974	Steno desk	418
September 1974	Executive desk	380
September 1974	Four drawer file cabinet	122
September 1974	Four drawer file cabinet	122
September 1974	Four drawer file cabinet	122
September 1974	Four drawer file cabinet	122
September 1974	Four drawer file cabinet	122
September 1974	Four drawer file cabinet	122
November 1973	Two drawer lateral file	175
November 1973	Two drawer lateral file	175
September 1973	Credenza	297
September 1973	Five drawer lateral file	333
February 1973	Four drawer file cabinet	101
February 1973	Four drawer file cabinet	101
January 1973	Four drawer file cabinet	101
January 1973	Four drawer file cabinet	101
January 1973	Four drawer file cabinet	101
October 1972	Executive desk	500

Date of Purchase	Item	Cost
Office furniture		
October 1972	Credenza	\$ 445
August 1972	Two drawer lateral file	175
August 1972	Three drawer wood cabinet	115
July 1972	Executive chair	159
-	Total furniture	\$ 122,265
Office equipment		
August 2017	Telephone	\$ 535
June 2017	Television	1,165
May 2017	Dell computer	600
December 2016	Dell computer	600
December 2016	Dell computer	384
December 2016	Sanity solutions	1,848
November 2016	Live consulting	694
October 2016	Dell computer	388
September 2016	Live consulting	1,226
September 2016	Live consulting	1,879
September 2016	Computer equipment	739
June 2016	Computers	95
May 2016	Conference room equipment	5,300
May 2016	Northstar-network	875
April 2016	Dell computer	40
April 2016	Dell computer	696
March 2016	Computers	495
March 2016	Northstar-network	4,099
March 2016	Dell computer	3,063
March 2016	Associate technology solutions	4,334
February 2016	Sanity solutions	25,415
February 2016	Computers	1,831
January 2016	Sanity solutions	2,509
January 2016	Northstar - network	4,456
January 2016	Computer	2,964
December 2015	Sanity solutions	6,912
November 2015	Northstar - network	4,026

Date of Purchase	Item	<u> </u>	Cost
Office equipment			
September 2015	Computer	\$	1,864
July 2015	Computers	+	3,037
May 2015	Computer installations - Northstar		2,107
April 2015	Dell docking station and webcams		2,036
March 2015	Three Microsoft Surface Pros		6,539
December 2014	Polycom conference phone		717
October 2014	Laptop installations - Northstar		1,323
September 2014	Docking stations and computer		1,043
September 2014	Four monitor stands		1,770
September 2014	E7440 laptop		2,680
August 2014	Apple computer		1,716
August 2014	Phone, docking station, monitor, and computer		821
February 2014	Printer		848
July 2013	Monopad display kit		7,489
April 2013	Surface Pro Pad		1,527
April 2013	Scanner		899
January 2013	Scanner		1,153
December 2012	Kindle		714
July 2012 - May 2013	Computer network - hardware, software, licensing		21,426
April - June 2012	Computer network - hardware, software, licensing		102,505
April - June 2012	Phone system upgrade - Northstar		16,181
April - June 2012	Phone network cabling		7,700
November 2011	Dell UPS		1,390
November 2011	Electrical work for server closet		613
March 2011	Dell computer		1,270
December 2010	Five external hard drives and interface		748
August 2010	Northstar - server backup drives		1,400
June 2010	Printer		2,950
April 2010	Dell 4210x DLP projector		734
January 2009	CDW - Multi-function printer		1,315
September 2007	Mail machine		2,977
September 2006	ATS software		2,968
August 2006	ATS software		1,495
May 2006	Color printer		830

Date of Purchase	Item	(Cost
Office equipment			
January 2005	Database software - ATS	\$	3,520
March 2004	Database software - ATS	•	27,568
July 2002	Advanced systems mailing system		3,695
January 2002	LP0130 projector and case		4,053
February 2001	Conference speaker		993
August 2000	25 APC surge suppressors		758
July 1998	MAS 90 software upgrade		1,870
July 1995	MAS 90 A/P software		1,596
June 1994	Mitsubishi TV and VCR		776
February 1992	Overhead projector		511
December 1984	Kodak carousel projector		544
June 2010	Write-off computers that were stolen or sold		(4,116)
	Total office equipment	\$	323,721
Vehicles			
June 2017	2017 Chevrolet Silverado	\$	49,752
March 2016	2016 Ford E3K 32 foot truck		175,545
November 2015	2016 Ford F59 20 foot truck		157,318
	Total vehicles	\$	382,615
	Total capital assets	\$	828,601

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Potatoes USA's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 8, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Potatoes USA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Potatoes USA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Potatoes USA's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Potatoes USA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Board of Directors National Potatoes Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kundinger, Cordra . Congle, P.C.

January 8, 2019

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<u>Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program</u> and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Potatoes USA's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Potatoes USA's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Potatoes USA's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements and perform the audit to obtain audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Potatoes USA's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Potatoes USA's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Potatoes USA is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Potatoes USA's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Potatoes USA's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kundinger, Corder Congle, P.C.

January 8, 2019

National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal grantor/pass-through grantor/program or cluster title	Identifying Number	Federal CFDA number	Federal expend- itures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Direct Programs:			
Market Access Program	Market Year 16	10.601 \$	22,262
Market Access Program	Market Year 17	10.601	4,825,371
Subtotal Market Access Program			4,847,633
		-	
Emerging Markets Program	2014-25	10.603	91,817
	2012 00	10 (04	12.026
Technical Assistance for Specialty Crops Program	2013-09	10.604	13,036
Technical Assistance for Specialty Crops Program	2013-35	10.604	7,896
Technical Assistance for Specialty Crops Program	2016-03	10.604	65,211
Technical Assistance for Specialty Crops Program	2016-08	10.604	172,870
Subtotal Technical Assistance for Specialty Crops Program		_	259,013
Quality Samples Program	2017-04	10.605	114,401
Total Direct Programs		_	5,312,864
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		_	5,312,864
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	5,312,864

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Potatoes USA, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Potatoes USA.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (a) Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (b) Potatoes USA has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Potatoes USA, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal award programs are reported in the *Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance*. No material weaknesses are reported.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Potatoes USA expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a) are reported in this Schedule.
- 7. The major program tested was: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Market Access Program, CFDA No. 10.601.
- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Potatoes USA did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

B. Findings – Financial Statement Audit

None.

C. Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None.

2017-001 Audit Adjustments (Material Weakness)

Condition: As a result of the audit, several adjusting journal entries were made to convert the books from a cash basis to an accrual basis in order to fairly present the financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Adjustments of \$3,141,442 were made to accrue revenue, and adjustments of \$2,005,255 were made to accrue expenses.

Cause: There was turnover in the accounting department during the year, and the new staff was not aware of the prior audit recommendation. Because this is only performed once a year, staff was unaware they needed to convert the books from a cash basis to an accrual basis.

Recommendation: We recommend the Controller establish a written year-end closing process to properly convert the books from a cash basis to an accrual basis. We further recommend all accounting staff be trained on how to properly close the books at year-end.

Current Status: The recommendation was adopted, resulting in no audit adjustments made during the current year audit.

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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Standards of the Agricultural Marketing Service Agency of the United States Department of Agriculture, Potato Research and Promotion Act

Board of Directors National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA:

Report on Compliance

We have audited National Potato Promotion Board d/b/a Potatoes USA's compliance with the types of compliance requirements contained in the standards of the Agriculture Marketing Service (AMS) Agency of the United States Department of Agriculture, Potato Research and Promotion Act that are indicated below for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of the standards of AMS, specifically as stated under Opinion on Compliance below.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to below. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the standards of AMS. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to below that could have a direct and material effect on Potatoes USA has occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Potatoes USA's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Potatoes USA's compliance.

Opinion on Compliance

In our opinion, Potatoes USA complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to below for the year ended June 30, 2018.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention, insofar as it relates to accounting matters, that caused us to believe that Potatoes USA:

 Failed to comply with Section 1207.360 of the Potato Research and Promotion Plan relating to use of assessments for the purpose of influencing legislation, as that term is defined in Section 4911(d) and (e)(2) of Title 26 of the Internal Revenue Code, or for the purpose of influencing governmental policy or action.

- 2) Was not in compliance with the terms of the Agricultural Marketing Service Investment Policy, other than an exception granted by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, which describes the types of instruments in which Potatoes USA may invest, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.
- 3) Was not in compliance with the requirement to have internal controls over funds that meet auditing standards.
- 4) Was not in compliance with the requirement that assessment funds be used only for projects authorized in a budget approved by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.
- 5) Was not in compliance with the provisions of the Potato Research and Promotion Act related to the use of assessment funds, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

However, it should be noted that our audit was not directed primarily towards obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Potatoes USA is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Potatoes USA's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with AMS, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Potatoes USA's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of AMS on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of AMS will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of AMS that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of AMS. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kundinger, Condra " Congle, P.C.

January 8, 2019